



DINAS PENDIDIKAN DAN KEBUDAYAAN
KABUPATEN BOYOLALI

ASESMEN SUMATIF LINGKUP MATERI TENGAH SEMESTER 1

SMP KABUPATEN BOYOLALI

TAHUN AJARAN 2025/2026

KURIKULUM MERDEKA

B

Mata Pelajaran : Bahasa Inggris
Kelas : IX (Sembilan)

Hari, Tanggal : Jum'at, 12 September 2025
Waktu : 07.30 – 09.30 (120 Menit)

PETUNJUK UMUM:

1. Jawaban dikerjakan pada lembar jawaban yang tersedia.
2. Sebelum mengerjakan soal, tulislah terlebih dahulu pada lembar jawab: Nama dan Nomor pada tempat yang disediakan.
3. Bacalah dengan teliti, petunjuk dan cara mengerjakan soal.
4. Perhatikan dan bacalah soal baik-baik sebelum Anda menjawab.
5. Pilihlah jawaban yang paling tepat/betul dan berilah tanda silang (X) pada salah satu huruf A, B, C, atau D.
Contoh jawaban : Jika jawaban yang dianggap betul A: ~~X~~ B C D
6. Jika terjadi kesalahan dalam memilih jawaban berilah tanda = pada jawaban yang salah itu, kemudian silanglah (X) jawaban yang Anda anggap betul.
Contoh : ~~X~~ B C D jawaban diubah menjadi C: ~~X~~ B ~~X~~ D
7. Memberi tanda X pada dua pilihan atau lebih untuk satu soal dianggap salah.

PETUNJUK KHUSUS:

- I. For questions 1 to 40, choose the answer you think is most correct by marking a cross (X) in column A, B, C, or D on the answer sheet!

1. My handphone is ... than my brother's.
A. good
B. better
C. best
D. bad
2. The black shoes are ... than the yellow one.
A. cheap
B. expensive
C. more expensive
D. the most expensive
3. The 9A volleyball team competed very hard against the 9C volley ball team, ... class 9C lost.
A. Unfortunately
B. Surprisingly
C. Fortunately
D. Amazingly

Text for questions number 4 – 7.

- Andre : Bekantans are from Borneo, right? So, we can find them in Indonesia, Malaysia, and Brunei.
Monita : Yes, but we can find them mostly on the Indonesian side.
Andre : Really?
Monita : Yes, that is why Bekantans are used as the icon of Banjarmasin, South Kalimantan.

- Andre : Well, I believe we can find these monkeys in Borneo forests.
- Monita : Right, specifically in mangroves. You know, mangroves are a type of rainforest that meet the sea.
- Andre : So, Bekantans live in mangrove trees.
- Monita : Yes, they like spending most of their time in trees. See this fact, Bekantans are grouped as arboreal animals.
- Andre : Say again ... Arbo ... arboreal? Animals that eat, sleep, and play in trees.

4. Where does Bekantan live?

A. In Mangroves trees	C. In a jungle
B. In rainforest	D. At the sea
5. Where can we mostly find Bekantan?

A. In Indonesia	C. In Malaysia
B. In Australia	D. In Brunei
6. Bekantan is Arboreal animal. What does it mean?

A. A big Monkey.	C. Animal that eat, sleep in trees
B. A long-nosed Monkey.	D. Animal that sleep and play at the sea
7. What is Mangrove?

A. A big jungle	C. Forest by the lake
B. Forest by the sea	D. Forest on the mountain
8. Don't forget to pray ... doing something.

A. but	C. after
B. then	D. before
9. My Mom likes Papaya very much ... I don't like it.

A. before	C. and
B. then	D. but
10. Elephants, lions, tigers and gorillas are wild animals. ... live in the jungle.

A. we	C. they
B. our	D. their

Text for question number 11 – 14.

Orangutan

Orangutans are great apes from Indonesia. Orangutan means man of the forest. They live in Sumatra and Borneo. The scientific name of Orangutan from Northern Sumatra is Pongo Abelii and the scientific name of Orangutan from Borneo is Pongo Pygmaeus.

Orangutans have big bodies. A male orangutan can be more than 100 kilograms and can be quite tall. His height can be up to 150 centimeters tall. Female orangutans are smaller and shorter than the males. A mature female orangutan's weight is about 40 kilograms. Her height is about 120 centimeters tall.

Orangutans have reddish brown hair. Unlike monkeys, they do not have tails. They have strong arms. They use their arms to swing between branches.

Orangutans live with their small family groups. They usually live in the tree branches where they build their nests. Orangutans' favorite food is fruits. They also eat insects, honey, bird eggs, bark, and plants. They sometimes eat meat too. When they are thirsty, they sometimes drink the water from holes in the tree branches.

Orangutans are an endangered species because their habitat is threatened by people doing deforestation. The number of Bornean orangutans around 2017 was estimated at about 104,000 and the Sumatran orangutans about 7,500.

(Adapted from: <https://www.worldwildlife.org/species/orangutan>)

11. Pongo Abelli is Orangutan from
 - A. Northern Kalimantan
 - B. Eastern Kalimantan
 - C. Northern Sumatra
 - D. Southern Sumatra
12. What food do Orangutans like most?
 - A. Bird eggs
 - B. Insects
 - C. Honey
 - D. Fruits
13. Which of the following sentences is true based on text above?
 - A. Orangutans only eat plants
 - B. Orangutans never eat meat
 - C. Orangutans don't have tail
 - D. Orangutans have small bodies
14. ... orangutan? It's about 120 centimeters tall.
 - A. How much
 - B. How many
 - C. How tall is male
 - D. How tall is female
15. They have **strong** arms. The word "strong" can be replaced by
 - A. Beautiful
 - B. Powerful
 - C. Smart
 - D. Slow

Teks for questions number 16 – 20.

Cendrawasih

Cendrawasih or the birds of paradise are from the family of Paradisaëidae. These birds are easily recognized by their bright blue, yellow, scarlet, and green feathers. The males' tails are longer than the females'. Their tails are known as wires or streamers. Birds of Paradise live in Eastern Indonesia, Papua New Guinea and Eastern Australia. The diet of these birds are fruits and arthropods. The natural devastation and illegal hunting make Cenderawasih an endangered species. Their reproduction cycle also makes the preservation difficult as they only produce one until two eggs.

Adapted from: <https://www.nationalgeographic.com/animals/birds/facts/birds-of-paradise?msclkid=26256016d06b11eca2f6547d404146b0>

<https://westpapuastory.com/cenderawasih-bird-paradise/>

16. Bird of Paradise do not eat
 - A. Arthropods
 - B. Spider
 - C. Fruits
 - D. Meat
17. The females' tails are ... than the males.
 - A. Brighter
 - B. Shorter
 - C. Longer
 - D. Darker
18. What is the synonym of streamer?
 - A. Tail
 - B. Feet
 - C. Hands
 - D. Feather

19. How can we easily recognize Bird of Paradise?

- A. By seeing their bright colorful feathers
- B. By seeing their species
- C. By seeing their diet
- D. By seeing their eggs

20. The followings may cause bird of paradise extinct, **except**

- A. Exhibition
- B. Illegal hunting
- C. Reforestation
- D. Modernization

Text for questions number 21 – 25.

Bekantans are endangered

Monita : Did you know that Bekantans are endangered?

Andre : Oh, no! Why? But, the book says Bekantans can live up to 20 years in the wild. So, what makes them endangered?

Monita : Well, many predators, such as crocodiles, leopards, monitor lizards and pythons, eat Bekantans. But, the major threat is habitat destruction.

Andre : It means they lose their home--their mangrove trees.

Monita : Sadly, *humans'* activities make their home disappear.

Andre : To save Bekantans we have to save the mangroves!

Monita : I agree with you! So, what animals are you going to talk about in our Science project next week?

21. What is the relationship between Monita and Andre?

- A. Siblings
- B. Classmates
- C. Son and mother
- D. Teacher and student

22. What are Bekantan's Predator?

- A. Crocodiles, butter fly, Leopards
- B. Crocodiles, leopards, birds
- C. Lizard, leopard, phyton
- D. Lizard, horse, phyton

23. How do you save Bekantan?

- A. By saving Mangroves
- B. By cutting down trees
- C. By illegal hunting
- D. By illegal trading

24. "... it means they lose their home. What does the underlined word refer to?

- A. Lizards and Crocodiles
- B. Monita and Andre
- C. Wild Animal
- D. Bekantans

25. Sadly, human activities make their home disappear. The underlined word can be replaced by

- A. Exist
- B. Vanish
- C. Explore
- D. Exhibition

Text for questions number 26 – 30.

Gorillas are the largest of all the primates. A male gorilla can be 180 centimeters tall and can weigh 200 kilograms. Gorillas are very strong but they do not often fight. In fact they are peaceful animals. Gorillas live in small family groups of about 15. In a group there is one strong, older male, some young males, and a few females with their babies. They move slowly around a large area of jungle eating leaves and bushes.

In some ways gorillas are very like humans. When they are happy, they laugh and wave their arms. When they are angry, they beat their chests. When they are sad, they cry. But they cry quietly, without any tears. Unfortunately, people hunt and kill gorillas. They also cut down and burn their trees. There are now only about 10,000 gorillas left in the world.

26. Which of the following statements are true according to the text above?
- A. Gorillas are the cleverest of all the primates
B. Gorillas diet are leaves, meat and bushes
C. Gorillas live in a large family group
D. Gorillas are bigger than Orangutans
27. Who is the leader in a small family group of Gorillas?
- A. Baby Gorilla
B. Female Gorilla
C. Older male Gorilla
D. Young male Gorilla
28. How does Gorilla cry?
- A. Quietly without tears
B. Quietly with any tears
C. Crying aloud with tears
D. Crying aloud with any tears
29. What is the current population of gorillas? It's about ...
- A. Ten thousand gorillas all over Indonesia
B. Ten thousand Gorillas all over the world
C. Ten million all over Indonesia
D. Ten million all over the world
30. How tall is a male Gorilla?
- A. One hundred and eight centimeters tall
B. One hundred and eighteen centimeters tall
C. One hundred and eighty centimeters tall
D. One hundred and eighty-eight centimeters tall

Dialog for question number 31 – 32.

Teacher : Well students, I think that's all my explanation, hopefully it will give you many advantages.

Student : Mom, (31)

Teacher : Sure, I'll explain you more

Student : Thank you

Teacher : (32)

31. The suitable expression to answer the question is
- A. what page are we on?
B. can you help me, please?
C. may I ask you a question?
D. can I answer the question?
32. The suitable expression to answer the question is
- A. You are such kind man
B. You welcome
C. I appreciate you
D. Pardon?
33. Aiko : Look at the painting over there!
Ulfa : Wow, what ...!
- A. Beautiful painting is it
B. Beautiful the painting is
C. Is a beautiful painting
D. A beautiful painting it is
34. Naya : It's raining and it's windy all day long, it's better to have coffee.
Meera : Yes, ... we can't play outside.
- A. How bright the day is
B. How gloomy the day is
C. How beautiful the day is
D. How wonderful the day is
35. Tirta : Which one is our bus, Dad?
Dad : The new one over there.
Tirta : ...!
- Dad : Yeah, that's right. That's the super executive bus.
- A. What a shame
B. How terrible it is
C. What a worst bus
D. What a comfortable bus

36. Bita : My sister has been sick for three days. So, I have to accompany her in the hospital.
 Audrey : ... I hope she will get better soon.
 Bita : Thanks.
 The suitable expression to complete the dialog is
 A. Thank you C. I am sorry to hear that
 B. I don't care about it D. I am happy to hear that
37. Wow, your current boyfriend is ... than Rury.
 A. Wise C. Wisest
 B. Wiser D. More wise
38. Aina : "Why does the baby next door keep crying?"
 Fairus : "As usual, it ... by the babysitter."
 A. Is been neglected C. Is neglected
 B. Is neglecting D. Is neglect
39. Jeje : Why are the students staying outside?
 Meme : Because their classroom
 A. Is being cleaned C. Was cleaned
 B. Being cleaned D. Is cleaning
40. Arkana : May I borrow your laptop, Arfan?
 Arfan : Sorry, it ... by my brother now.
 A. Are being using C. Is using
 B. Is being used D. Are used

II. Choose a maximum of 3 (three) answers by ticking (✓) the correct answers below on the answer sheet provided!

1.

Gorilla	Orangutan
Black skin and hair	Reddish brown hair
Africa	Borneo and Sumatra
Live in family group of 6 until 30	Use their arms to swing between branches
Leaves, shoots, and stalks	Insects, honey, bird eggs, bark, and plants
Give birth to only one baby every four to six years	Deforestation

Which of the following statements are true according to the text.

- A. ☐ Both Gorilla and Orangutan do not eat meat
 B. ☐ Orangutan gives birth every four years
 C. ☐ Orangutans eat insects and plants
 D. ☐ We can find Orangutan in Africa
 E. ☐ Gorilla has Reddish brown hair
 F. ☐ Gorilla has black skin and hair

2.

		
Math book 150 pages 110 rupiahs	English book 100 pages 100 rupiahs	Religion book 200 pages 150 rupiahs

Source : <https://id.search.yahoo.com/search?fr=mcafee&type=E210ID885G0&p=gambar+buku+agama+kartun>

Based on the picture above, we know that

- A. ☐ Math book is more expensive than religion book
- B. ☐ English book is cheaper than religion book
- C. ☐ Religion book is the most expensive of all
- D. ☐ Math book is cheaper than English book
- E. ☐ English book is the cheapest of all.
- F. ☐ Math book is the cheapest of all

Text for questions number 3 – 4!

Andre : What a tail! Hey, look The book says Bekantan is a Proboscis monkey?

Monita : Pradon? What monkey?

Andre : Proboscis monkey. It means a log-nosed monkey.

Monita : Hmm... an interesting name but hard to say.

Andre : It also has another name. *Nasalis larvatus*.

Monita : Wait ... I should take notes. Bekanten is a type of primate. Its common name is pro

Andre : Proboscis monkey.

Monita : Right, thanks. Proboscis monkey. And its scientific name is *Nasalis larvatus*.

3. From the dialog above we know that ...

- A. ☐ Bekantan is not primate
- B. ☐ Bekantan is small Monkey
- C. ☐ Monita and Andre are students
- D. ☐ Bekantan is long-nosed monkey
- E. ☐ Proboscis means a short-nosed monkey
- F. ☐ *Nasalis larvatus* is scientific name of Bekantan

4. ... **interesting** name but hard to say. The similar meaning of "interesting" are

- A. ☐ Fascinating
- B. ☐ Compelling
- C. ☐ Ordinary
- D. ☐ Normal
- E. ☐ Engaging
- F. ☐ Boring

5. Queenta : Hi, Laila I haven't seen you for several days, what happened?
 Laila : My brother got a car accident 2 days ago. He must take a rest in the hospital for several days
 Queenta :
- A. ☐ I'm glad to see you
 B. ☐ I'm happy to hear that
 C. ☐ Oh, I'm sorry to hear that
 D. ☐ I'm completely confused
 E. ☐ I hope he is feeling better soon
 F. ☐ I was deeply saddened to learn the news.

III. Answer the questions below with short and clear answers on the answer sheet provided!

The Bali Starling (*Leucopsar rothschildi*) also known as the Rothschild's Mynah or Bali Mynah, and locally called Jalak Bali is a critically endangered species, endemic to the island of Bali. Today in the wild these very rare birds can be found only in the **West Bali National Park** and at **Nusa Penida**.

The Bali Starling is a songbird measuring approximately 25 centimeters. They breed in the rainy season between the months of November and May. Their bluish-green eggs are oval shaped, with an average diameter of about three centimeters. Bali mynas are omnivores. These birds feed on fruit, seeds, worms, insects, and small reptiles.

The Bali Starling was discovered on March 24, 1911 by a British ornithologist named Dr. Stressmann Baron. Dr. Baron was travelling on the expedition ship, the Maluku II, which had to make a sudden stop on the island of Bali due to damage to the vessel. Stressmann first spotted the Starling in Bubunan Village, about 50 kilometers from Singaraja, Northern Bali. He categorized it as a new species, rare and different from any other whole specimen.

Adapted from: <https://www.indonesia.travel/id/en/destinations/bali-nusa-tenggara/west-bali-national-park/bali-starling-songbird.html>

Answer the following questions correctly!

1. What is the text about?
2. What are Bali starling diets?
3. Who is Dr. Stressmann Baron?

Text for questions number 4 – 5.

The black t-shirt	100.000 rupiahs.
The yellow t-shirt	150.000 rupiahs
The blue t-shirt	200.000 rupiahs

Fill in the blank spaces based on the data above!

4. The blue t-shirt is ... the yellow one.
5. The black t-shirt is ... of all.